75N (MPA)

[19-HRPGKOW-M3S(N) 20M]

MA 3rd Semester (New) Exam., 2019 (W)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

[PGPS S3–01]

(Modern Political Analysis)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. *(a)* Answer the following questions : 1×8=8

(i) Mention the names of any two political thinkers who have adopted the philosophical approach to study politics.

(ii) Write the meaning of persuasive power.

(iii) Write the meaning of load in the context of the communication theory.

(iv) Richard Snyder is associated with which theory?

(v) 'The Clash of Civilizations' is a concept put forward by which American political scientist in 1996?

(vi) Mention any two factors that have contributed towards political development.

(vii) Legitimate power is called what?

(viii) Mention the author of the book, *The Ruling Class.*

(b) Choose the correct answer : 1×4=4

(i) Who defined politics as the 'authoritative allocation of values'?

(1) David Easton

(2) Talcott Parsons

(3) Charles Merriam

(4) Max Weber

(ii) Organizations of business or industrialists constitute

(1) non-associational interest groups

(2) institutional interest groups

(3) anomic interest groups

(4) associational interest groups

(iii) Behaviouralism as an approach in political science lays stress on

(1) quantitative methodologies

(2) qualitative analysis

(3) normative approach

(4) descriptive approach

(iv) The structural-functional approach came to be developed in political science particularly by

(1) Gabriel Almond

(2) Talcott Parsons

(3) Harold Lasswell

(4) Robert Dahl

(c) Fill in the blanks : 1×4=4

(i) In the United States of America, it is the American _____ which has the power to declare war as well as to make rules for governing the military.

(ii) A situation in which each participant's gain or loss is exactly balanced by the losses or gains of other participants is called a _____ game in game theory.

(iii) Parties which are dominated by politically elite groups of activists are known as _____ parties.

(iv) "What happened and why?" is an _____ question in political analysis.

2. Answer any *five* from the following questions (each within *50* words) : 2×5=10

(a) Mention any two differences between the earlier methods of investigations in political science and modern political analysis.

(b) Mention any two features of modern approaches to study political phenomenon.

(c) Write the meaning of traditional legitimacy.

(d) Write the meaning of interest articulation and interest aggregation as the functions performed by a political system in the context of the structural-functional analysis.

(e) Write about the internal and external factors which influence the decisions of the decision-makers in the context of decision-making theory.

(f) Write any two functions of the police.

3. Answer any *four* from the following questions (each within *150* words) : 3×4=12

(a) Write briefly about the institutional approach to study politics.

(b) Write briefly about the meaning of communication in the context of Karl Deutsch's communication theory.

(c) Write any four differences between pressure groups and political parties.

(d) Write the meaning of charismatic authority.

(e) Write about Pareto's division of the society into two strata. What are the attributes of the governing elite? 1½+1½=3

4. Answer any *three* from the following questions (each within *250* words) : 6×3=18

(a) Explain the role of the military. Write any two advantages of civilian control over the military. 4+2=6

(b) Write about any four functions of political parties.

(c) Write about colonialism, elite, role of intellectuals and political parties as the agents of modernization. 2+2+2=6

(d) Explain the nature of post-behaviouralism.

5. Answer any *three* from the following questions (each each within *300* words) : 8×3=24

(a) Write the assumptions of the game theory. Explain the criticisms and importance of game theory. 5+3=8

(b) Discuss David Easton's general systems theory.

(c) Explain 'equality', 'capacity' and 'differentiation' as the characteristics of political development as identified by Lucian Pye.

(d) Discuss the significance of pressure groups and interest groups.

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