Ans. to Q. No. 8 : Upādhisesa Nirvāna and Niropādhisesa Nirvāṇa

Ans. to Q. No. 9 : a) True b) True c) True

Ans. to Q. No. 10 : Right views (Samyag dṛṣti), Right resolve (Samyag sankalpa), Right speech (Samyag vāk), Right conduct (Samyag karmānata), Right livelihood (Samyag ājiva), Right effort (Samyag vyāyama), Right mindfulness (Samyag smṛiti), Right concentration (Samyag Samādhi)

Ans. to Q. No. 11 : It holds that one has to earn his bread and butter by honest means. By renouncing bad speech and bad actions one has to maintain good life by honest means.



7.12 MODEL QUESTIONS

A) Very Short Questions

Q.1. What are the orthodox systems in Indian Philosophy?

Q.2. Simply mention the Nāstika schools in Indian Philosophy.

Q.3. What are two main schools of Buddhism?

Q.4. Mention only the four noble truths of Buddhism.

Q.5. What is dependent origination?

Q.6. Mention the eight fold paths of Buddhism.

B) Short Questions (Answer each question in about 150 words)

Q.1. Briefly discuss the four noble-truths of Buddhism.

Q.2. What is the theory of dependent origination, according to Buddha? Briefly explain.

Q.3. What are the twelve links of causal wheel of dependent Origination?

Q.4. Briefly explain the first noble truth of Budhism.

Q.5. What is right concentration, according to Buddha?

C) Write Short notes on (Answer each question in about 150 words)

a) Four noble truths

b) Dependent origination

c) Samyak dṛṣti

d) Samyag smṛiti

e) Nirvāṇa

D) Long Questions (Answer each question in about 300-500 words)

Q.1. Discuss the concept of Nirvāṇa.

Q.2. What are the ways of attaining Nirvāṇa according to Buddha? Explain

Q.3. Briefly discuss astāngika-mārgas of Buddhism.

Q.4. What is the central teaching of Buddhism? Discuss.

Q.5. Describe briefly the Pitakas of Buddhism.

Q.6. Explain the four noble truths of Buddhism.

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