

7.7 ANSWERS TO CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

Ans to Q No 1: Wittgenstein's picture theory came to his mind when he saw in a magazine a motorcar accident being represented in a law court by means of small models. They also could be used to construct different types of propositions for the exposition of the accident.

Ans to Q No 2: The picture theory of meaning is the theory of meaning of propositions. It holds that a proposition is a model or picture of reality. It maintaints that truth or falsity of a proposition can be evaluated through the picture or model it represents of the situation.

Ans to Q No 3: An elementary proposition is nothing but the conceptual or logical structure of proposition. It is also the ultimate analysis of proposition.

Ans to Q No 4: He called it by different names like pictorial form, pictorial relationship, representational form, and logical form.

Ans to Q No 5: logical form

Ans to Q No 6: Philosophical problems emerge out of the linguistic confusions or due to not understand the logic of our language. Wittgenstein consists that philosophical problems can be resolved through grammatical investigations.



7.8 MODEL QUESTIONS

A) Objectives questions

Q 1: What is elementary proposition?

Q 2: What is the picture theory of meaning?

Q3: What are the different names of elementary proposition?

Q 4: Write the name of the book of Wittgenstein.

B) Short questions (Answer the questions within 100-150 words)

Q 1: Explain briefly the picture theory of meaning.

Q 2: What is elementary proposition? Explain in brief.

Q 3: Write a short note on logical form.

Q 4: *Philosophy is a critique of language*- Briefly explain this statement.

Q 5: Briefly explain the distinction between logical language and natural language

Q 6: How does philosophical problems arise? Explain in brief

C) Long questions (Answer the questions within 300-500 words)

Q 1: Explain critically the picture theory of meaning.

Q 2: *Philosophy is a critique of language*- Explain this statement.

*** ***** ***