

9.6 FURTHER READING

1) Desai: A.R. (ed.) *Peasant Struggles-in India*, Bombay, OUP, 1979

2) Guha, *Planter Raj to Swaraj: Freedom Struggle and Electoral Politics in Assam*: 1926-1947,New Delhi, ICHR, 1977

3) Guha, *Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonisl India*, Delhi, OUP, 1983.

4) Pathy, *Tribal Peasantry: Dynamics of Development*, New Delhi, Inter-India, 1984.

5) Singh, Kr. *Birsa Munda and His Movement,* 1874-1901. A S Millenerian Movement in Chotanagpur, Calcutta, OUP, 1983

9.7 ANSWERS TO CHECK YOUR PROGRESS EXERCISES

Ans Q No 1: Yes, forest is the lifeline of a tribal community since their beliefs, economy and culture revolves around the forest.

Ans Q No 2: Yes, British dominance prompted tribal movement since tribals were dispossessed from their land and they were exploited by the administrators, moneylenders and zamindars

Ans Q No 3: Guerilla warfare

Ans Q No 4:(i) forest-based movements, (ii) socio-religious movements or social-culture movements (iii) movements seeking political autonomy and (iv) agrarian movement

Ans Q No 5: The Santhal Insurrection 2. The Munda Rebellion 3. The Bodo Movement 4. Jharkhand Movement 5. Naga Movement

9.8 MODEL QUESTIONS

Short Questions (Answer each question within 150 words)

Q1. What is meant by 'tribal movement'?

Q2. What are the salient features of the tribal movements in India?